

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for the electrostatic support of the coating of objects [[(3)]] with a coating material [[(15)]], wherein at least one field producing electrode [[(9; 29)]] during the coating process is set into vibration at least at times and preferably constantly.
2. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein the objects [[(3)]] are moved past the stationary vibrating electrode [[(9; 29)]] and in particular are can sides the inner seam regions of which are coated, especially with a powder form of coating material.
3. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1-~~or~~2, wherein the electrode is constructed as a vibratable element [[(9)]] and is excited into vibration by an exciting means [[(17)]].
4. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 3, wherein the electrode is excited into vibration by an air stream [[(17)]], especially a cleaning air stream.
5. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 4, wherein the electrode [[(9)]] is leaf shaped and especially tongue shaped and is arranged at the opening [[(25')]] of a resonance space [[(25)]], and in that the air [[(17)]] is guided through a gap [[(19)]] between the electrode [[(9)]] and the opening [[(25')]].
6. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1-~~or~~2, wherein the electrode [[(29)]] is made as a rigid element which is oscillated by a drive means [[(30)]].
7. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 6, wherein the electrode [[(29)]] is immersed in a stream of cleaning air.
8. (Currently Amended) A method for the electrostatic support of the coating of moving objects [[(3)]] with a coating material, with an electrode arrangement [[(6)]] arranged stationary and spaced from the objects and including at least one electrode

[(39)], wherein the electrode [(39)] during the coating is movably driven at times, especially by being driven in rotational movement about a rotational axis (E).

9. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 8, wherein the electrode [(39)] is moved by an air stream [(17)] or electromotively.

10. (Currently Amended) ~~A~~An electrode arrangement [(6)] for the creation of an electric field in an electrostatically supported coating apparatus, wherein the arrangement [(6)] has at least one vibrationally moveable electrode [(9; 29)].

11. (Currently Amended) An electrode arrangement according to claim 10, wherein the electrode is formed as a flexible electrode [(9)] capable of being excited into vibration, especially an electrode [(9)] excitable into vibration by an air stream.

12. (Currently Amended) An electrode arrangement according to claim 11, wherein the electrode [(9)] is essentially of leaf shape, especially of tongue shape, and is fixed at one end.

13. (Currently Amended) An electrode arrangement according to ~~one of claims 1 to 12~~claim 10, wherein the electrode is fastened at the opening [(25')] of a space [(25)] of the arrangement so as to form an air gap [(19)], which space [(25)] is connected to an air inlet of the arrangement [(6)].

14. (Currently Amended) An electrode arrangement according to claim 10, wherein the electrode [(29)] is formed as an essentially rigid electrode, especially as a pointed electrode, which is fastened on or to a vibrator element [(30)].

15. (Currently Amended) An electrode arrangement [(36)] for creating an electric field in the electrostatic support of a coating apparatus, wherein the arrangement [(36)] includes at least one associated electrode [(39)] driveably rotatable about a rotation axis.

16. (Original) An electrode arrangement according to claim 15, wherein it includes an electromotive drive means or an air stream driven rotatable drive means for the rotational movement.

17. (Currently Amended) A coating apparatus [[(1)]] for the coating of objects [[(3)]], especially moving objects, with an electrode arrangement according to ~~one of claims 10 to 16~~ claim 10.